DUNGENESS BEACON.

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OCCIDENTAL MELANGE

Good Rains in Arizona Improve the Stock Industry.

'SS FIRES CAUSE MUCH LOSS.

Editor Visits the Top of Mount Shasta—Result of Ant.-Debris Convention at Sacramento.

The electric tramway power-house at Victoria, B. C., was burned. Loss, $200,000.

The Boston will join the Charleston at Santa Cruz, and will afterward sail for Honolulu.

The hop vines in a twenty-acre tract near Sacramento were laid flat by a heavy south wind.

Charles Crew, of Port Orford, killed a fine sea otter last week. He was offered and refused $160 for the skin.

Good rains in Maricopa county, A. T., have improved the stock industry. A raid on rustlers has been threatened.

The Progreso, the first of the Atlantic and Pacific Steamship Company's line from New York, has arrived at Redondo, Cal.

The Siuslaw Railroad Company sent out engineers last week to cross-section and set grade stakes on the first fifteen miles of the survey.

The seal hunters killed in the neighborhood of 200 sealions at Blanco reef during the season, and made a very good season's work of it.

The remains of a man, about fifty years old, were found between Old Sausalito and Lime Point. The large toe on the right foot had been cut off.

A considerable quantity of Salmon Mountain quartz was shipped by the last steamer to San Francisco for assay. An extensive ledge has been discovered.

Considerable alarm exists at San Diego over the smallpox cases at Chula Vista, as proper measures to prevent the spread of the disease have not been taken.

Benton county (Or.) householders and others are in despair over the growth and rapid spread of the thistle. Its purple blossoms are to be seen everywhere.

Extensive grass fires near Fresno have caused much loss to hay, grass, fencing and exposed houses. The fire will make feed scarce in that immediate section.

The bounty upon coyote and squirrel scalps in Polk county, Or., expired Saturday. During the term of its validity, from February 1, there was paid out in scrip upon the county the sum of $1,778.85.

A dog owned by W. H. Haight, near Traver, Cal., was bitten by a rattlesnake and the wound was bathed with coal oil, Mr. Haight not having any known remedy on hand. In about two hours the dog was out of danger.

Recently a Victoria sloop landed a dozen Chinese near Point Wilson, Wash., and hastily sailed away. The customs officers captured four of the Chinese in the woods near Port Townsend and are on the trail of the others.

The farmers of Crook county, Or., are fast getting in their hay harvest, and all report a good yield. Hay on the wild meadows is not as tall as usual, but it is much thicker on the ground, which more than makes up for its lack of height.

Game is seen quite plentifully, according to reports, up Ash creek canyon. Two cinnamon bears came close to the camp the other day while only the ladies and children were there, and a panther was seen at a distance by some of the campers.

The Sisson *Mascot* editor has been at the top of Mount Shasta lately. He says the government monument is out of plumb, leaning to the southeast on an angle of 80 degrees. The force of the severe winter storms is probably the cause of its getting out of perpendicular line.

Joe Wright, aged fifteen years, while smoking some bees out of a tree in order to get the honey, on the Llagas, eighteen miles from San Jose, Cal., accidentally set the brush on fire and was so badly burned in his efforts to extinguish the flames that he will probably not recover.

Fifteen thousand sacks of wheat have been stored at the Reservation ranch, near Cayuse, Or., and the grain in the surrounding district is yielding about twenty-five bushels to the acre, and is of fine quality. Eleven acres of the "California Golden" variety averaged forty-six bushels, a heavy yield for this season.

Fred W. Young and C. F. Hinkley, of Union, were out five days last week on a fishing, hunting and prospecting trip to the Grand Ronde lakes. They found two promising quartz ledges, an antimony ledge, and a meadow of about sixty acres that prospects well in gold.

Much of the evidence taken at Boise City has been direct against the Cœur d'Alene miners. Charles A. String, alias Allison, the Pinkerton spy, gave his story, much of which consisted of speculations upon what was to be done by the strikers, but which were never carried out.

The result of the Anti-Debris Convention at Sacramento was the organization of an association to take the place of the old Anti-Debris Association, to be composed of one Supervisor each from Yuba, Sutter, Sacramento, Colusa, Glenn and Yolo counties, with an advisory body of one citizen each from the same counties.

EDUCATIONAL NOTES.

Japan Has Now a School System Somewhat Similar to Our Own—The Largest Dormitory.

Oxford University has 2,240 students.

Fifty-four women graduated from Vassar this year.

Hopkins University has a $10,000 thermometer.

Kentucky has a co'ored State Teachers' Association.

Dancing is taught in some of the public schools in Scotland.

The oldest English public school is Winchester, founded in 1387.

Two hundred and four of the 365 colleges in the United States are coeducational.

Cornell University will offer a course in Russian language and literature next school year.

During the past year there were graduated from the medical colleges of the United States about 5,000 young doctors.

Bethany College, Lindsborg, Kan., is said to be the only Swedish college in America having as its President a man born and educated in the United States and having all his degrees from institutions in this country.

A philologist says: It is called "commencement" not because the graduate then begins to learn his first real knowledge of life, but because in the old days the graduating exercises were held at the beginning of the college year.

In the old country the school children are early given lessons in economy. Penny savings banks are connected with the public schools of Belgium, and 170,000 of the 600,000 primary pupils have deposited over 500,000 francs. Great Britain has also established the penny banks.

Japan has now a school system somewhat similar to our own. Controlled by local authorities are more than 28,000 schools, of which 26,000 are elementary. The teachers number nearly 72,000, and the scholars 3,410,000, or nearly half the total population of school age. The total annual expense of the system is about $7,000,000.

The immense fund in possession of the State of Texas for educational purposes is mostly loaned to counties, which use the money for public works. The State Comptroller has invested over $3,000,000 of the permanent school funds in the hands of the various counties, and as yet no default in the payment of interest has been made.

Cornell University has $1,986,112 in productive funds, $1,171,924 invested in buildings, 1,538 students and 123 instructors, or an instructor to every twelve students. This funded capital is as little as a first-class university can be run on in these days, and while Cornell receives $94,000 from tuition fee this meets only between a third and a half of its expenditure.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Prince Bismarck Said to Be Partly of Slav Origin—Charles Sumner's Aristocratic Tastes.

Justice Lamar's long locks are whitening.

Francis Parkman, the historian, has been partially blind for several years.

Four living ex-Governors of Massachusetts were born in 1818—Boutwell, Claflin, Rice and Butler.

Alexander Russell Webb, United States Consul at Manila, Philippine Islands, is reported to have become a convert to Islam.

Moses S. Beach, the former owner of the *Sun*, who died at Peekskill recently, was one of the earliest advocates of the Brooklyn bridge.

Samuel Sloane, the millionaire railroad President, has a dislike for typewriters, human and mechanical, and writes all his letters in autograph.

Mrs. Humphrey Ward is a wonderful linguist; she is versed in French, German, Spanish and Italian literature, to say nothing of Latin, Greek and Hebrew.

Rudyard Kipling has told the truth about Montreal, as he did about New York, and the swell clubs of that city have also ostracized him. He doesn't seem to care much about it, however.

T. S. Southard, now in his 85th year, is the oldest shipbuilder in Maine. He lives in Richmond, and has built over 100 vessels. His name is a familiar one in shipping circles all over the world.

One of the seven or eight Americans who have been elected to the new British Parliament is F. A. Channing, a son of Rev. W. H. Channing and a nephew of the famous Unitarian preacher, William Ellery Channing.

"Nicknamed" Congressmen are by no means nonentities, as used to be thought. Remembering "Ran" Tucker and "Sunset" Cox, however, we must expect more than we've had yet from "Tom" Watson of Georgia.

The Shah of Persia and the Sultan of Turkey each possess a mat worked with pearls and diamonds, valued at over $2,000,000. Prayer mats of such a value should give a powerful flavor to religious petitions in which humility is the leading feature.

At the recent wedding in Dublin of the Viceroy's daughter the Viceroy himself looked quite bride-like in his attire. He wore the diamond star and collar of St. Patrick, and the multitudinous white satin ribbons attached to it suggested wedding favors to the unknowing.

Frau Theresa Vogl, once one of the great dramatic sopranos of Germany, wife of the distinguished tenor, Heinrich Vogl, will retire in October from active work at the Munich royal opera, where both she and her husband have been the leading singers for the last twenty-six years.

BEYOND THE ROCKIES

St. Louis Orders Her Chinamen to be Photographed.

A CRUSADE AGAINST LYNCHERS.

Connecticut Excels All Other States in the the Number of Patents—The Texas Cotton Crop.

A railroad rate war is threatened at the West and South.

Kansas' wheat crop this year is estimated at 80,000,000 bushels.

"Snapper" Garrison, the noted jockey, is seriously ill at Long Branch.

The threatened strike of the Union Pacific telegraphers has been averted.

Chancellor Allen of Tennessee decides that dealing in futures is gambling.

In Chicago the price of beer and pure water are now very nearly the same.

Trego county, Kan., paid $190 for 3,800 pairs of rabbit ears the other day.

The bounty paid by Minnesota last year for wolf scalps amounted to $52,000.

The State tax of the estate of John Jacob Astor will amount to about $200,000.

The Texas rains have insured the cotton crop of the southwestern part of the State.

The Boston newsboys will not be allowed to sell papers on street cars in future.

Jay Gould says he will never go cruising again, and offers his yacht Atlanta for sale.

Boston's death rate is very high; almost two hundred children died week before last.

The Nashville *American* has begun a crusade against lynching and lynchers in Tennessee.

Archbishop Ireland says that the rumors that he is to be made a Cardinal are without foundation.

Both parties appear to be satisfied over the reapportionment of Michigan by the called Legislature.

Connecticut last year took out more patents according to population than any other State in the Union.

The discrimination in Canadian tolls in favor of Montreal has been removed by the Dominion government.

There are 700 babies at a New York baby show. This is an infant industry which has not entirely died out.

There have been heavy rains in Pennsylvania and the fear of water famine no longer hangs over Philadelphia.

The St. Louis Superintendent of Police has ordered that each of that city's 1,000 Chinamen must be photographed.

Three young Frenchmen are soliciting funds in New York in behalf of a Socialistic colony to be founded in Paraguay.

Over 13,000 bills were introduced in Congress during the recent session, less than 500 of which reached the President.

Germany in the last twelve months contributed 130,622 to the population of the United States; Russia and Poland 117,419.

The Tennessee farmers are excited over the negro exodus to Oklahoma, and in some counties they fear that they will not have help enough to harvest their crops.

The murderer of Mr. and Mrs. Borden at Fall River, Mass., has not been discovered. The suspicion which rests upon the daughter has not received any confirmatory proofs.

All the members of the Town Board of West Superior, Wis., have been arrested on an embezzlement charge. The people want to know what has become of the money paid in the way of taxes.

One hundred and thirty-four trains passed through the Union depot at Kansas City Sunday en route to the conclave of the Knights Templar at Denver. It is estimated that 40,000 people were on the trains.

Frederick Kayser, a miser of Dayton, Ohio, who was worth $500,000 but drove a garbage wagon, hanged himself a few days ago because his daughter reproached him for his way of life.

The steamships City of New York and City of Paris will have to be officered by American citizens when they are documented as American vessels. This ruling has been made at Washington.

A riot between negroes and Italians at Orange, N. J., resulted in the stabbing of one man and the serious wounding of twenty others from clubs and stones. About six hundred persons were in the riot.

The total immigration to the United States in the year ended June 30, 1892, amounted to 619,320 souls. This large foreign influx has been twice exceeded. In 1881 the number of immigrants was 669,431 and in 1882 the figure rose to 788,992.

A man was recently struck by lightning at Johnstown, Pa., who recovered consciousness in about an hour to find the sight of one eye gone, his hair and mustache badly burned and a mark extending down the side of the body as far as the knee.

All the mines under the control of the Wisconsin Central Railroad Company on the Gogebic range, save the Ashland mine, closed down Saturday night and some 2,000 men are thrown out of employment. The shut-down is caused by the Homestead strike.

THE CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

Quite a Number of Foreign Yachts Likely to Be in Chicago at the Time of the World's Fair.

The Board of Trade of Dubuque, Ia., has appointed a committee to prepare an exhibit for that city to be sent to the World's Fair.

The architects of the world are to be invited to a congress at Chicago during the World's Fair to discuss architectural subjects and the interests of the profession.

Canada will erect a World's Fair building at Chicago 100 feet long by 44 feet wide, with a ten-foot veranda surrounding it on all sides. Plans have been submitted for approval.

The World's Fair Commission of the State of New York has applied to the exposition through the department of transportation for 1 250 square feet of space for the exhibition of a great relief map of the canal system of that State.

The largest American flag ever made will float from the top of a very lofty "liberty pole" in front of the administration building at the World's Fair. Upon request the State of Washington will furnish the big flagstaff, as well as two or three others of the largest that are required by the exposition.

Michigan is one of the most enthusiastic of the States in the preparation of the World's Fair exhibit. The State's appropriation is $100,000, but it is authoritatively announced that the total sum contributed toward making an exhibit by the State, counties, cities and private individuals will reach fully $500,000.

The World's Fair Commission of New South Wales has decided to send to Chicago for exhibition in the horticultural department of the exposition the following typical representatives of Australian vegetation and flora: Tree ferns, staghorn ferns, bird's-nest ferns, todea ferns, macrozamias of two distinct kinds, gigantic lilies and grass trees.

The flora of Montana will be shown at the World's Fair by a collection as complete as it is possible to make it. The State has about 1,000 different varieties of wild flowers, and of these 800 have already been collected. The exhibit will include also a display of grasses and forage plants. Many of the States are preparing similar exhibits of their flora.

Quite a number of foreign yachts are likely to be in Chicago at the time of the World's Fair. Robert S. McCormick, representative of the exposition in England, makes announcement to that effect. All depends on how favorable are the facilities for getting through the Canadian canals and for safe anchorage in Chicago. At his request full particulars on these points will be furnished.

Mrs. Paul and Mrs. Wise, lady managers for Virginia, together with their auxiliary board, have undertaken to raise $16,000 for the Virginia building at the World's Fair, which is to be a full-sized reproduction of Washington's home at Mount Vernon. To raise the money the women of Virginia are selling certificates of membership in the Mount Vernon Association at $1 each. They are also asking the County and City Supervisors, Councils, etc., for levies of 1 cent per capita, and are giving entertainments of various kinds.

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

The Crop Returns to the Department of Agriculture Show Improvement in the Condition of Corn.

Acting Treasurer Whelpley has issued a check for $1,040,000 in favor of the owners of the Mission-street property, San Francisco, recently selected as a site for a postoffice.

The President has selected the following delegates to the International Monetary Conference: Senators Allison of Iowa, and Jones of Nevada; Representative McCreary of Kentucky; General Francis A Walker of Massachusetts, and Henry W. Cannon of New York.

The crop returns to the Department of Agriculture show an improvement in the condition of corn, raising the monthly average from 81.2 in July to 82.5 in August. In only four years since the initiation of crop reports has there been a lower August condition. The following averages of the principal States are given: New York, 90; Tennessee, 92; Iowa, 79; Pennsylvania, 86; Ohio, 81; Missouri, 83; Virginia, 90; Indiana, 84; Kansas, 81; Georgia, 96; Illinois, 73; Nebraska, 80; Texas, 94. Most correspondents indicate a tendency to further improvement. Returns relating to spring wheat show a lower average, declining during the month from a general average of 90.9 to 87.3. In the mountain States the condition is generally high. In Washington a decline is reported from 90 to 78, and in Oregon from 91 to 76.

Diplomatic circles are considerably agitated over the announcement that Minister Tsui, Chinese representative to this country, is about to be recalled, owing to the Chinese Emperor's displeasure at the prominence which the Minister took in the negotiation by which Count Mitkiewicz and other shady speculators proposed to establish an international bank in China, which would absorb all the railroads, telegraph lines, etc., of the Orient. The proposed recall of the Minister comes so soon after China's rejection of ex-Senator Blair as United States Minister to that country that the two events are being linked together. Minister Tsui was mainly instrumental in having Blair rejected, and as a result the friends of the ex-Senator have for some time been longing to retaliate by having the Minister recalled. State department officials have shared this feeling to a considerable extent, and as a result Mr. Tsui has had a hard diplomatic lot since he had Blair deposed.

FOREIGN CABLEGRAMS

Three Gendarmes Presented With Souvenirs by Bismarck.

CHOLERA BACILLI EXPERIMENTS.

Very Conflicting Reports Concerning the Revolution in Venezuela—A Report Denied.

The French forces have begun hostilities against the Dahomeyans.

The Swiss Guards, a part of the Pope's household, are to be dispensed with.

Mount Ætna is showing a renewal of activity. The streams of lava are increasing.

Emperor William's Meteor won the first prize in the Southampton Yacht club races.

The troops of the Sultan of Morocco have been repulsed by the insurgents before Tangier.

The reception of Sir Charles Dilke in Parliament by his old friends was exceedingly cordial.

United States Minister Patrick Eagan has announced to the Foreign Office at Valparaiso that he intends to leave Chili by the end of the present month.

Rudolph Jaeger, the defaulting cashier of the banking house of Rothschild at Frankfort, Germany, was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment for embezzlement.

Prince Bismarck has presented silver souvenirs to the three Bavarian gendarmes who were stationed as sentinels before his residence during his stay in Kissengen.

It is reported in Belgrade that a conspiracy has been discovered against the Prince of Montenegro, who is very unpopular, and that several of the plotters have fled the country.

The Prefect of the Propaganda at Rome urges the Catholic Bishops of the United States to pay important attention to the parochial school question at the coming synod.

Sir William Henry Houldworth, Hon. Sir Charles William Freemantle and Bertram Cullie have been nominated as British delegates to the International Monetary Conference.

Thousands of London's idlers assembled the other day in the Lea-bridge road and proceeded to remove the alleged obstructions erected by the London Water Works Company, and did other damage.

On the arrival of the train from Florence at Foligno, Italy, Sunday, the Bishop of Foligno was found lying dead in one of the carriages with several wounds in his head. The police have arrested the suspected murder.

Mrs. Rylands, widow of the Manchester (England) millionaire cotton manufacturer, is the purchaser of the Althorpe library, parted with by Earl Spencer, and intends that Manchester shall be the future home of the literary treasure.

An immense crowd welcomed Bismarck at Berlin on his return home. The evidences of official resentment since his speech at Jena were visible on his route home. Some of the railway stations were practically closed against him.

A serious revolutionary conspiracy has been discovered in Bolivia. A large number of prominent men, including many members of Congress, it is reported have been sent beyond the frontier and martial law has been proclaimed throughout the Republic.

A dispatch dated the 5th states that it is current news at Caracas and generally believed that General Crespo, the revolutionist, is dead, and that General Mendoza is pursuing his forces in the interior. Another dispatch of the same date says Crespo has captured Caracas by assault and is now in possession.

Prof. Brieger of Berlin, one of Prof. Koch's co-operators, and his assistant, Dr. Wasserman, have been making extremely interesting experiments with the cholera bacilli. They will continue until the absolute truth of the theory upon which the work is established.

At Trebizond in Asia Minor 1,000 persons, who were in quarantine on account of cholera, attempted to escape from the pen in which they were confined. The Turkish troops were ordered out, and in endeavoring to force the prisoners back fired into the crowd, killing eight and wounding thirty-four.

The Pope's desire to make an American Cardinal at the next consistory has been frustrated by the divergence of views of Archbishops Corrigan and Ireland. The Pope has therefore resolved to appoint the Very Rev. Charles John Vaughan, Bishop of Westminster to the cardinalate at the earliest opportunity.

Sir Charles Evan Smith denies the recent sensational reports issued by a news company in regard to the encounter between himself and the Sultan of Morocco. He says the farewell of the Sultan was of the most cordial description, and that the diplomatic relations between Great Britain and Morocco have not been broken.

Moorish troops made another attack in the direction of the rebellious tribes, ascending the hills and setting fire to a number of villages. The inhabitants fled. A portion of the troops have made an attack upon the rebellious Angheras, and two divisions proceeded to support the Sultan's forces. One hundred Moorish soldiers were either killed or badly wounded in a subsequent engagement. The Angherites suffered but few casualties.

ELF SONG.

I twist the toes of the birds a-doze,
  I tinkle the dew bells bright;
I chuck the chin of the dimpled rose
  Till she laughs in the stars' dim light.
The glowworm's lamp I hide in the damp,
  I steal the wild bee's sting;
I pinch the toad till his legs are a-cramp,
  And clip the beetle's wing.
    O ho! O hey!
    My pranks I play
  With never a note of warning.

I set a snare for the moonbeams fair
  All wrought of spider web twine;
I tangle the naughty children's hair
  In a snarl of rare design.
I flit through the house without any noise,
  There's never an elf so sly;
I break the toys of bad little boys
  And the cross little girls who cry.
    O hey! O ho!
    I work them woe,
  Till crows the cock in the morning.

—Samuel Minturn Peck in St. Nicholas.

Took Him for a Tree.

Not very long ago the keeper of the wild cattle at Chillingham escaped being injured by them in a way which shows how much may be accomplished by presence of mind. They were being fed, and he in some way had got between them and the hills, when, something having alarmed them, they made one of the mad rushes in which, like Highland cattle, they often indulge. He gave himself up for lost, as he was in the open ground where the two contingents had to meet as they came flying round the paddock. Partly because he was a Scotsman, and resolved to die with "his face to the foe," but still more because he knew flight to be certain death, he folded his arms, drew himself up to his full height, and stood perfectly motionless. He says himself that he expected to be killed, but the cattle, perhaps mistaking him in the dusk for a tree stump or a gate post—to which his gaunt figure bears no slight resemblance—swerved as they approached and scampered past without touching him.—Montreal Star.

No Error.

Young Mr. Hale is one of the people who think it must be the easiest thing in the world to write a book or at least a poem.

"You have your desk, your paper and pens," said he, hopefully, in discussing the subject of literature with a more experienced friend, "and there you are!"

"Yes," said the friend, dryly, "but you've omitted one implement of the trade which ought to be in the hands of beginners—an eraser, to rub out what they have written. Now take this petition you have just drawn up for the 'Widows' Mite Society.' Look over the paper with me. You haven't explained your object with clearness, and you've repeated the word 'charity' nine times in thirteen lines."

For a moment the ambitious young man looked disturbed; then suddenly his composure returned.

"Oh, well," said he, "I don't consider that repetition a mistake. You can't have too much charity!"—Youth's Companion.

Penmanship at the Vatican.

Autotype machines have just been served out for the first time to some of the copying clerks at the Vatican, but they are only to be used for the roughest kind of proof work which has to be done in a hurry. The pope dislikes the innovation, for he is anxious—and rightly so—not to break up the admirable school of penmanship which flourishes at the Vatican. There is no such writing in the world as that which is seen on the documents sent out by the Curia. All the copying clerks of the first rank are priests and monks, and many of them real artists in caligraphy. They are allowed to exercise their fancy in the tracing of illuminated capitals and ornamental rubrics or margins, but there must not be a single erasure on a page which has to be issued in the pope's name. A misplaced comma causes a whole page to be rewritten.—Letter to Glasgow Herald.

Proving Their Sanity.

According to a somewhat dubious tradition, the Greek dramatist, Sophocles, at the age of 90, was accused of imbecility by his son Jophon. He rebutted the calumny by reciting before his judges, the Phratores, the magnificent passage in his tragedy of Œdious Coloneus, which describes the arrival of Œdipus in the sacred forest of Colonna. Having thus vindicated his genius, he retired amid applause. In the Seventeenth century, says Lelanne, the Abbe Cotin, having sold his property in return for a life annuity, was denounced by his relatives as out of his mind. In self defense the abbe invited the commissioners de lunatico inquirendo to come and hear him preach. They went, they listened, and decided in his favor.—All the Year Round.

A New Barometer.

It is nothing more or less than the figure of a general made of ginger bread which Clavette buys every year at the Place du Trone. When he gets home he hangs his purchase on a nail. You know the effect of the atmosphere on ginger bread? The slightest moisture renders it soft; in dry weather, on the contrary, it grows hard and tough. Every morning on going out Clavette asks his servant:

"What does the general say?"

The man forthwith applies his thumb to the figure and replies:

"The general feels flabby about the chest; you'd better take your umbrella."

On the other hand, when the symptoms are "hard and unyielding," our worthy colleague sallies forth in his new hat.—Almanach de l'Atelier.

The Dungeness Beacon.

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R. C. WILSON ..... Proprietor
JOE M. BALLINGER ..... Managing Editor

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FRIDAY, AUGUST 26, 1892.

Republican National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT,
BENJAMIN HARRISON,
OF INDIANA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:
WHITELAW REID,
OF NEW YORK

Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
John H. McGraw, of King.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS,
John L. Wilson, of Spokane,
William H. Doolittle, of Pierce.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
F. H. Luce, of Lincoln.

FOR AUDITOR,
L. R. Grimes, of Kittitas.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
James H. Price, of Pierce.

FOR TREASURER,
O. A. Bowen, of Wahkiakum.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
W. C. Jones, of Spokane.

FOR STATE LAND COMMISSIONER,
W. T. Forrest, of Lewis.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS,
C. W. Bean, of Whitman.

FOR PUBLIC PRINTER,
O. C. White, of Thurston.

FOR JUDGES OF THE SUPREME COURT,
Thomas J. Anders, of Walla Walla,
Elmon Scott, of Whatcom.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS,
G. V. Calhoun, of Skagit,
Charles H. White, of Chehalis,
J. S. McMillin, of San Juan,
I. A. Navarre, of Okanogan.

Republican County Ticket.

For Superior Judge,
JAMES G. McCLINTON.

For Representative,
W. R. HOOLE.

For Clerk,
CYRUS E. MAXFIELD.

For Auditor,
H. J. LIPSETT.

For Sheriff,
S. G. MORSE.

For Treasurer,
R. R. HARDING.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
LOUIS WILLIAMS.

For Assessor,
CAPT. WHITE.

For Surveyor,
WM. E. WARE.

For Supt. of Schools,
A. B. DORSEY.

For Coroner,
DR. W. W. McGEORGE.

For Commissioners,
Western District—GEO. LAMB,
Middle District—F. J. HART,
Eastern District—JNO. B. KNAPMAN.

THE POLITICAL OUTLOOK.

The presidential election is but eleven weeks distant. The situation as it stands to-day is decidedly in favor of the Republicans; there is every reason to believe that President Harrison will carry every state in the north that gave him its electoral vote in 1888. Connecticut is considered as sure for Harrison, and the leading party organs in the east are confident that at least two states in the south will break away and give their electoral vote to the Republicans.

The present prospect is that Harrison will carry New York and Indiana by increased pluralities over 1888. The failure of fusion between the Democrats and the People's party has robbed the Democracy of all chance to carry Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota, Washington, or Oregon. In Wisconsin there is a hard and doubtful fight before us, but Iowa and Illinois are reported as sure for Harrison. Unless the next month develops some unlooked-for change in public sentiment Mr. Harrison will be the next president.

The results of the Alabama election have startled the Democracy. They see very plainly that in order to carry Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Delaware and even Maryland, they will need to exert all their energies between now and November.—Post-Intelligencer.

THE newspaper field, in Clallam county bids fair to be somewhat crowded this fall. Beaver is to have a paper in a few weeks and the People's party expects to electrify the voters of the county with a sheet flaunting its banner at Port Angeles. The paper at Beaver will be established for the express purpose of securing the land office printing for that section. We are rather of the opinion that the Clallam Bay Record and Port Crescent Leader will look with much disfavor upon the encroachment in their field.

GENERAL JOHN W. NOBLE, secretary of the interior, is at Seattle.

PETITIONS for the repeal of the law closing the World's Fair on Sunday are to be put into circulation for signatures.

The People's Party Presents a Ticket.

[Special to the BEACON.]

PORT ANGELES, Aug. 25, 1892.

The People's party convention which has been in session here to-day has up to late this evening nominated the following ticket:

For representative, E. E. Seevers; for county clerk, J. M. Grant; for sheriff, Wm. Hutton, all of Port Angeles; auditor, T. M. Clark, of Clallam Bay; treasurer, E. F. Morris, of Texas Valley; supt. of schools, W. B. Main, of Sequim; assessor, J. W. Grant, of Sequim; commissioners, Herman Sindars, of Sequim, and A. O'Brien, of Colville.

The convention is still in session but the foregoing are probably all of their nominees, with the exception of a commissioner from the west end, as it is understood that neither a judge nor prosecuting attorney will be placed in the field.

The Gedney Here.

The United States Coast and Geodetic Survey steamer Gedney returned on Tuesday for the purpose of continuing the triangulation of the Straits. She has established an observation station near the lighthouse and similar stations on both sides of the Straits. It will require several days to complete the observations at this point, consequently the vessel will remain in port for a short time.

The officers are Lieut. Lucian Flynne, U. S. N., commanding; Ensign A. N. Mayer, Ensign J. L. Jayne, Dr. A. F. Barryhill, Mr. F. C. Schubert, all of the United States Navy. Captain J. J. Gilbert, U. S. Coast Survey, is in charge of the triangulation work.

As guests of the captain and officers are Mrs. C. J. Reid, of Portland; Miss Delia Magann, of Sacramento, and Mr. R. H. Benedict, of Victoria.

Our Mail Service to be Improved.

The improvement of the mail service here which has been wished for and confidently expected by our citizens is soon to be consummated. Postmaster Church has received the following communication which is self explanatory:

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF
2ND ASST. POSTMASTER GENERAL.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 13, 1892.

To Postmaster, Dungeness, Wash.:

SIR:—An order has this day been issued to permit the postmasters at Seattle, Dungeness and Port Angeles, Wash., to exchange mail by steamer, six times a week, provided, the mail is carried in a locked pouch in charge of a sworn carrier, and without expense to the Department, from September 1, 1892. The number of the route will be 71071.

Very Respectfully,
G. F. STONE,
Acting 2nd Asst. Postmaster General.

In addition to the above accommodating change Mr. Church has also received orders to advertise for bids for carrying the regular daily mail between the post office and the steamboat landing here. This means that the Garland will land mail for Dungeness here instead of at Port Williams. How soon the latter arrangement will go into effect cannot be ascertained at present, but it is to be hoped that it will be at an early date.

With a daily mail on the Monticello between Dungeness and Seattle and Dungeness and Angeles, each way, and the Garland also bringing us a daily mail, no town on the Straits will have better mail facilities than this. It has taken much work to secure these improvements and credit for such work is due to Senator Jno. B. Allen, Postmaster Church, Mr. C. F. Seal and the BEACON, who have all spent their best efforts and considerable time on the matter.

The Tacoma Exposition.

The Western Washington Industrial Exposition will open on September 1 and continue until October 1. Last years' exhibition was very creditable, but this year the management is making extensive preparations for a far grander display and more comprehensive exhibition. The Seventh Regiment Band of New York will furnish music, and others of the numerous attractions this year will be the World's Fair State exhibit of the N. P. R. R. land department, Botanical Gardens, etc. The attendance last year was very large but it is expected that this year's attendance will be far greater.

Indications from all over the state are that the display of the various resources of Washington will be fully exhibited at the Exposition.

Dr. Blalock states that the World's Fair exhibit at the Exposition will be very fine. This will give everyone an opportunity to judge what is to be taken to Chicago to advertise the greatest state in the union.

Visitors from all over the world call there, and in no way can any section be advertised so fully. The press of the state are doing all in their power to help the Exposition, and are showing a public spirit that will carry the state ahead.

Every county and section in this state should be represented at the Exposition. The demand for space from the counties exhibiting last year is greatly increased this year and the county exhibits will be more general than before. It will not be long before every county will have a permanent exhibit in the exposition building.

The Farmers Mercantile Co. will still continue the old store at the old town, with Geo. Hunt at the wheel. Your wants can be supplied the same as of yore.

Notice.

A meeting of the newly elected republican county central committee of Clallam county, is hereby called to meet at Port Angeles on Tuesday, Sept. 6th, for the purpose of perfecting an organization and transacting any other business that may come before said meeting.

T. H. BRADSHAW,
Chairman Co. Cen. Com.
A. H. HOWELLS, Secretary.

STEAMER
MONTICELLO
—ON—
Pt. Angeles, Pt. Townsend, Dungeness and Seattle
ROUTE.

TIME CARD:

GOING WEST—Daily, Except Monday.

Leaves SEATTLE	7.00 A. M.
" PORT TOWNSEND	10.30 A. M.
" DUNGENESS	12.30 P. M.
Arrives PORT ANGELES	2.00 P. M.

GOING EAST—Daily, Except Monday.

Leaves PORT ANGELES	3.30 P. M.
" DUNGENESS	5.00 P. M.
" PORT TOWNSEND	7.00 P. M.
Arrives SEATTLE	10.30 P. M.

Close connections at Seattle with the Steamer Bailey Gatzert for Tacoma and Olympia.

Meals on Board.
HATCH BROS.

J. P. TILLER. C. P. ROLLINS.
TILLER & ROLLINS,
General Blacksmithing
Wagon Repairing
☞ Horseshoeing a Specialty.
DUNGENESS, - - - - - WASH.

SING HI.
CHINESE LAUNDRY
Washing done at reasonable rates and in the best manner.
Laundry in tent near the Island.

MERCHANTS BANK
OF PORT TOWNSEND, WASH.
Capital and Surplus - - - $100,000
President . . . . WM. M. LADD
Vice President . . . N. C. STRONG
Cashier . . . . . C. F. SEAL
Transacts a General Banking Business. Interest allowed on time deposits; collections made at all points on favorable terms; sells exchange on London, Paris, Berlin and all principal cities of Europe. Correspond with Ladd & Tilton, Portland, Or.; Dexter, Horton & Co., Seattle; Bank of California, San Francisco; Nat. Park Bank, N. Y. City.
Farmers, merchants and the public generally are invited to transact their business with us.

W. L. CHURCH,
—AGENT FOR—
Phœnix Assurance Co.
American Fire Insurance Co.
DUNGENESS, WASH.

F. SCHUELER,
The Leading Merchant Tailor of Angeles.
FIRST-CLASS WORK. PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.
Port Angeles, - - Wash.

DUNGENESS BRICK YARD
WILDER & CAYS, Proprietors.
Sand Brick a Specialty.
Leave orders at Transfer Barn.
DUNGENESS, - - - - - WASH.

HUGHES & LEMMON,
Carpenters —and— Builders
Estimates furnished free. Cabinet Work a specialty.
SEQUIM, - - - - - - - WASH.

HALL & DUNCAN,
CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS,
Estimates furnished. Job Work solicited.
DUNGENESS, - - - - - WASH.

HART, NICHOLLS & McKENNEY.
Contractors and Builders.
Plans and Specifications furnished and Estimates given.
DUNGENESS, - - - - - WASH.

CAYS' HOTEL.
Board and lodging by day and week. Terms reasonable.
ELIAS CAYS, Prop.
DUNGENESS, - - - WASH.

DR. E. GEORGE.
DENTIST.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.
Office over Hall's Drug Store.

BENTON EMBREE.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.
Office in Opera House Block.

JNO. C. MURPHY.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

R. C. WILSON.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

J. R. THOMSON, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
DUNGENESS, WASH.
Office in Drug Store.

S. BEULIEU.
PAINTER, PAPER HANGER AND KALSOMINER.
DUNGENESS, WASH.

HARLOW & HARLOW.
BRICKLAYERS AND PLASTERERS.
DUNGENESS, WASH.
Chimneys and Mantels a Specialty.

R. K. REYNOLDS.
BOOTS AND SHOES.
DUNGENESS, WASH.
Cor. Sequim and Bridge Roads.

Washington Abstract Co.
THOS. PENNIMAN, Manager.
PHIL. A. DOLAN, Sec'y & Treas.
Box 262. PORT ANGELES, WASH.

"THE OLD CROW."
This popular resort, of Port Angeles is to be recommended to our Dungeness people. Beverages and lunches are always served. With politeness by the congenial host, Mr S. D. Maxwell, well known to our public. A first-class lodging house is in connection with the place.

CITY HOTEL,
Rates $2.00 and $2.50.
American and European Plan.
L. F. PERSON, Prop.
PORT ANGELES, - - - WASH

HALL DRUG CO.
Wholesale and Retail
DRUGGISTS.
Special attention given to Mail Orders.
Port Angeles, Wash.

A. GOLDWATER,
Merchant Tailor.
New Line of Goods on Hand.
PORT ANGELES, - - - WASH.

THE MISSOURI OAK,
H. B. CROCKETT, Prop.
Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
Morse-Thompson Blk. PORT ANGELES.

E. H. McALMOND,
Groceries —and— Provisions
Buy and Sell Farm Produce on Commission.
DUNGENESS, WASH.

Miss H. C. DRAPER,
Millinery —and— Fancy Goods.
Front Street. PORT ANGELES.

J. O. MORSE,
—DEALER IN—
Groceries, Dry Goods, Hardware and Tinware.
Thompson's Bldg. DUNGENESS.

Mona's Saloon.
Fresh Bay View Beer always on tap.
Pool and Billiard Room in connection.
T. MONA, Proprietor. A. MONA, Manager.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

P. J. WILLIAMS,
DEALER IN
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
☞ Repairing a specialty.
PORT ANGELES, WASH.

Farmers' Mercantile Company,
—DEALERS IN—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
of Every Description.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour and Feed, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hardware and Machinery, of all kinds.

We are agents for Mitchell and Lewis Staver Co. for Clallam county and will keep constantly on hand

CHAMPION MOWERS & REAPERS
THE MITCHELL WAGON
All Kinds of Hay Tools.

We pay the highest prices for produce of all kinds, and are headquarters for
FRESH MEAT, BUTTER AND FRESH EGGS.
We will not be undersold, and if you have cash to spend we can give you bargains.
Goods Delivered at any reasonable point.

C. E. Bell & Co.

Hardware, Groceries,
Stoves, Tinware.

Buggies, Wagons and all kinds of Implements.
All Kinds of Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, etc.

Call and see Our Prices before going Elsewhere.
Correspondence Solicited.
C. E. BELL & CO.
Front Street. PORT ANGELES.

DUNGENESS
PASSENGER AND BAGGAGE TRANSFER COMPANY.
Conveyances to and from all steamers.
Teaming of all kinds promptly attended to.
Shingles, Lath and Lime for Sale.
Horses and Cattle bought and sold.
Freight carefully handled.
Having charge of the new wharf we are prepared to deliver consignments regularly to any part of the city or country.
COR. FOURTH AND GROVELAND STS.

Notice!
FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED:
THOROUGHBRED JERSEY COWS AND CALVES.
ADDRESS:
A. U. DAVIS,
Dungeness, Wash.

T. MILLER. A. H. CUMMINGS
DON'T FORGET THE
DUNGENESS MILL COMPANY
—When in need of—
LUMBER,
As We Keep on Hand a Complete Stock of
Rough and Dressed Lumber, Rustic, Flooring, Casing, Window Jambs, Door Jambs, Window Stops, Mouldings and Ceiling, either single or double beaded, Edge Grain Flooring a Specialty.
No extra charge for plowing and rabbeting jambs. Office at the Mill.
Dungeness, - - - - - Wash

Subscribe for the BEACON.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Subscribe for the BEACON.

Go to Holden's for fresh Peanuts.

Geo. Hunt will build a residence soon.

Notice the Colony's new advertisement.

J. W. Stewart visited Angeles early this week.

Lumber is on the ground for the new school house.

W. L. Church and wife spent Sunday in Port Angeles.

The Mitchell Wagon takes the lead. For sale at Farmers' Mercantile Co.

Mr. Herman Sindars, of Sequim, was in town Monday.

Mr. J. E. Beam, of Port Angeles, was in Dungeness yesterday.

Don't forget the agricultural association meeting next Monday.

The Mercantile company has put up a new barn behind their store.

Rev. Geo. Kindred left for Puyallup yesterday morning to attend conference.

Messrs. Kip Arthur and H. C. Guilline, of Seattle, are with the camping party up the river.

Messrs. A. L. Johnson and D. G. Harvey, of Port Angeles, were in Dungeness on Tuesday.

A large number of democrats and their familes attended the convention at Angeles last Saturday.

New stock of Candy, Cigars and Tobacco just received at Holden's. 4tf

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. O'Brien and Miss Annie Dick made a visit to Port Townsend early this week.

E. A. FitzHenry, of Port Angeles, democratic candidate for surveyor, was in town Sunday evening.

Mr. Thos. Malony, of the Colony, came up from Angeles Tuesday to inspect the new Colony store here.

Mr. Chris. Zeigler, representing the Gordon Hardware Co., of Seattle, was in town Saturday and Sunday.

If you want the best mower get a "Champion" at Farmers' Mercantile Co.

Col. Duff and family who have been visiting Mr. J. T. Forrest, of Texas Valley, left for California on Saturday.

Mr. R. K. Latimer, who has been spending a few days in company with his family who are among the campers, returned to Seattle yesterday.

Mr. Jas. G. Clark, the renowned ballad singer, gave an evening of song at the church Wednesday night. There was a fair attendance and all seemed pleased with the entertainment.

The City Hotel was opened for business by R. A. Davis last Monday. The furniture and other fittings have not all arrived yet. When this house is complete it will be a well furnished and comfortable hostelry.

New stock of Boots and Shoes at the Farmers' Mercantile Co.

Several of the farmers in this vicinity are now cutting wheat or have been cutting during the past week. Of the number, Tom Baker has nine acres, Jack Reay ten acres, G. H. Lotzgasell fifteen acres and Jno. P. Anderson eighty acres.

Mr. Herman Sindars, of Sequim, will give a party this evening at the new hall at Sequim in honor of his son's twenty-first birthday. A large number of invitations have been extended and those lucky enough to receive one are assured of a pleasant evening.

It is understood that the Monticello will carry a mail sack between Seattle and Dungeness, but the service has not commenced as yet. The boat now brings the Seattle papers every day and when the letter pouch is put on it will afford the best mail service we have ever had.

A complete threshing outfit comprising an engine, separator, etc., arrived on the Angeles Tuesday for Lewis Cays and C. P. Rollins. The Angeles in making a landing accidentally jammed the separator which projected about four feet over the side of the boat, damaging it to the extent of about $150. Messrs. Cays and Rollins can boast of the only steam thresher in the county.

An accident which might have resulted seriously happened Wednesday near the river bridge. Mrs. Kindred and Miss Bessie Miner were driving down from the old town in a cart and when near the bridge the horse stumbled in one of the numerous dust holes and fell, throwing Mrs. Kindred out on the ground. Luckily no bones were broken and beyond a severe bruising no injuries were sustained.

The Farmers Mercantile Co. will still continue the old store at the old town, with Geo. Hunt at the wheel. Your wants can be supplied the same as of yore.

The BEACON has received a circular from R. B. Bryan, superintendent of public instruction, giving notice that the annual school election will be held on Sept. 3d, and urging that school district clerks give notice of said election by posting at least three written notices ten days prior to date of election. The superintendent also urges that electors take an interest in said elections and turn out to vote for officers. All persons over twenty-one years of age, male or female, citizens of the United States, are entitled to vote. The circular is too lengthy for publication, hence this brief mention. It will be kept in this office and anyone wishing to see same may do so by calling.

Mr. Chas. E. Bell, the popular young hardware and grocery merchant of Port Angeles, came up to Dungeness last Saturday and spent a couple of days fishing and recreating.

The Rev. Mr. Hinds, chaplain of the Seamen's Bethel at Port Townsend, will preach at the M. E. church in Dungeness next Sunday, both morning and evening at the usual time.

While Geo. Rollins and his mother were out driving the other day some accident happened to the harness and when George got out of the cart to fix it the horse became frightened and ran. George stuck to the horse and his mother to the cart and they finally brought up with a crash against another cart driven by Charley Cays. The cart of the latter was injured somewhat but the other escaped damage.

J. E. Beam, of Port Angeles, agent for the Guarantee Loan & Trust Co., is prepared to make all desirable farm loans on short notice. Personal attention given to all business.

The Democratic Convention.

The convention of delegates from the various precincts of the county was held at Angeles last Saturday for the purpose of nominating a democratic county ticket. Thos. Malony, of Port Angeles, was elected permanent chairman and S. B. Laughlin, of Beaver, secretary, with J. M. Clump, of Dungeness, as assistant. The following ticket was placed in the field:

For Superior Judge, L. M. Lane, of Angeles.
For Representative, C. E. Mallette, of Angeles.
For Clerk, A. A. Richardson, of Beaver.
For Auditor, Jno. W. Troy, of Angeles.
For Sheriff, W. B. Gould, of Angeles.
For Treasurer, M. J. Clump, of Dungeness.
For County Att'y, D. W. Bryan, of Crescent.
For Assessor, Wm. Redwine, of Rena.
For Surveyor, E. A. FitzHenry, of Angeles.
For Supt. Schools, Mrs. Wilcox, of Angeles.
For Coroner, Dr. I. R. Herrick, of Angeles.
For Commissioners, J. B. Dick, R. N. Wilson and Hans Hansen, for eastern, middle and western districts, respectively.

Messrs. J. B. Dick, of Dungeness; Dr. F. S. Lewis, D. P. Quinn and Thos. Malony, of Port Angeles; F. S. Mackintosh, of Gettysburg, and Hans Hansen, of Quillayute, were elected delegates to the state convention, which meets at Olympia next Wednesday.

CONVENTION NOTES.

A taxpayer, eh?

The *boys* were in it.

Didn't Dungeness work it slick?

Why wasn't Lewis brought out?

The outside precincts furnished the orators.

They do say that Sebastian "yumped the yob."

Lane's attempt wearied some of the older hands.

The west end fellows got their share but had to fight at every step.

The boys from the west end went home perfectly satisfied with Hooie.

Some of the kids showed more zeal than discretion in their attacks on McInnes.

Hansen was able to give the kids lots of pointers about setting up deleations and fixing proxies.

Beaver was modest: She only wanted school superintendent, county attorney, clerk and commissioner.

Unless suppressed, the "Terror to Evil Doers" and his little scrap book, are to figure in the coming campaign.

The kids say they have McInnes down and are going to keep him down. Is it possible they don't know Mac. any better than that?

County News.

Forks wants a general merchandise store.

The People's party will hold its county convention in Port Angeles on the 25th.

Port Crescent has just been made a money order office by the post-office department.

Two members of the soldiers' colony from Saginaw, Mich., have arrived in Port Angeles.

The commissioners have granted the petition for a county road from Beaver to Lake Crescent.

At the regular teachers' examination held last week at Port Angeles, teachers were granted certificates as follows: A. B. Dorsey, Sequim, 1st grade; C. G. Whitney, Forks, 2d grade; Edgar McCormack, Port Angeles, 2d grade; Mrs. Alice Roberson, Rena, 3d grade. One applicant failed to pass examination. The assistant examiners were Geo. H. Allen, of Rena, and A. M. Johnson, of Angeles.

Crab Fishing at Sequim Bay.

A crab fishing enterprise has been established at Sequim Bay by three enterprising citizens of that locality, and which has proven to be a very profitable industry. Captain Jones, leader of the party engaged, says that crabs in Tacoma command a good price, and that there is always a good demand for them. That it is a very easy matter to catch these fish, often several hundreds can be taken in an hour's time. The crabs are boxed at Port Williams and consignments shipped to Tacoma every other day.—Port Townsend Graphic.

Regular Church Services.

Services every Sunday at the M. E. church, Rev. Geo. Kindred, pastor, as follows: Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 12:15 p. m. Prayer service every Thursday evening at 8 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

The Farmers Mercantile Co. have opened their new store in the new town with a new stock of goods at new prices, lower than ever, where they will be pleased to meet all their old customers.

Colony Store

KEEPS ON HAND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Shelf Hardware and Tinware.

Farm Produce of All Kinds Bought and Sold.

L. D STEWART, Manager.

Dungeness, - - - - - Wash.

Order to Show Cause.

IN THE Superior Court for Clallam County, State of Washington,

In the matter of the estate of JAMES HEARD, Deceased. } Order to show cause why order of sale of real estate should not be made.

R. P. Wallis, the administrator of the estate of James Heard, deceased, having filed his petition herein praying for an order of sale of a portion of the real estate of said decedent, for the purposes therein set forth.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED by the said court that all persons interested in the estate of said deceased appear before the said court on Monday, the twelfth day of September, 1892, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the court room of said court, at the Court House in Port Angeles, county of Clallam, to show cause why an order should not be granted to the said administrator to sell so much of the real estate of the said deceased as shall be necessary.

And that a copy of this order be published a least four successive weeks in the DUNGENESS BEACON, a newspaper printed and published in said Clallam County.

It is further ordered that Benton Embree, Esq., be and he is hereby appointed attorney and guardian to appear for and take care of the interests of non resident and minor heirs of said deceased, in the proceedings.

Dated: August 4th, 1892.

Enter. JAS. G. McCLINTON, Judge.

STATE OF WASHINGTON, } ss.
COUNTY OF CLALLAM. }

I, William K. Clark, County Clerk and Clerk of the Superior Court of Clallam County, State of Washington, do hereby certify that the foregoing and annexed order is a true and correct copy of the original order to show cause why order of sale should not be made now on file and of record in the Superior Court in the matter of the estate of James Heard, deceased.

Witness my hand and seal of said court this 8th day of August, 1892.

{SEAL.} WILLIAM K. CLARK, Clerk.
By FRANK P. FISHER, Deputy.

R. C. Wilson, attorney for Administrator.
Date first publication, Aug. 12, 1892. 8-5t

W. L. CHURCH,
—AGENT FOR—
Phœnix Assurance Co.
American Fire Insurance Co.
DUNGENESS, WASH.

Burch's Bazaar.

Fancy Goods, Wall Paper, Fishing Tackle, Crockery, Stationery.

Dungeness people should give this establishment a call, when in Angeles.

Front Street, PORT ANGELES.

THE NEW YORK
BOOT & SHOE HOUSE
Is the only exclusive Boot and Shoe House in Clallam County.
Goods Sold at New York Prices.
New line of dancing pumps just received.
J. I. Kirschberg & Co.
PORT ANGELES, - - - WASH.

—THE—
New York Clothing House
We carry a fine stock of
Clothing, Hats, Caps, Gents' Furnishings, Umbrellas, Rubber Goods, etc., etc.
Don't Forget the Place.
Cor. Laurel and Front Streets. Port Angeles.

Dungeness, Port Angeles and Neah Bay Route.
THE FAST AND RELIABLE STEAMER
GARLAND
Leaves Tyler Street Dock, Pt. Townsend,
—FOR—
Dungeness, Pt. Angeles and Neah Bay
AND way ports, Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8:30 a. m., arriving at Dungeness at 11 a. m. Returning on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday arrives at Port Townsend at 9:30 a. m. Calling both ways at Dungeness, Port Williams, Port Crescent, Pysht, Gettysburg and Clallam Bay. Leaves Port Townsend for Dungeness and Port Angeles every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday at 11 a. m. Returning same day, leaves Port Angeles at 4 p. m. For passage or freight apply on board.

Dungeness Land Exchange.
TO WOODSMEN:
50 Acres of land on Dungeness River to lease. 3½ acres cleared and fenced. Good house, etc. Rent can be paid in work.
Have a Customer who wants to rent an Improved Ranch.
H. J. LIPSETT,
Notary Public. Agt. Northwest Fire & Marine Ins. Co.

HAY'S RESTAURANT.
Board by the day, week or month.
Meals served at all hours.
J. HAY, Proprietor.
DUNGENESS, - - - WASH.

Board of Trade Saloon.
F. J. Ward, Prop.
Best assortment of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, etc., always on hand.
Billiard Table and Private Room in Connection.
Groveland Ave. - - Dungeness

R. A. DAVIS,
—DEALER IN—
Dry Goods and Groceries, Boots and Shoes,
AND A GENERAL LINE OF
MERCHANDISE,
—ALSO—
MACHINERY and a full line of FARMING IMPLEMENTS.
We hereby respectfully invite the attention of the people of Dungeness and the public generally to the prices and quality of the stock we are now showing. We are shelving new goods daily. We advocate the Cash System and hold out special inducements for Cash. Careful attention given to orders for goods not carried by us.
Call and See Us.
Dungeness, - - - Wash.

FOR SALE!
—AT—
BROOK FARM DAIRY
One pair Geldings, 4 and 5 years old, well broken.
One full blood Holstein Bull, calved July 9, 1891.
Holstein Grade Bull Calves.
Jersey Grade Bull Calves from Extra Good Holstein Grade Cows.
Also 20 young Cows.
The above will be sold cheap for Cash or Approved Notes.
HALL DAVIS.

The Groveland Improvement Co.
OF DUNGENESS, WASH.,
OWNERS OF THE
Dungeness -:-
-:- Townsite.
THE MOST PROSPEROUS PLACE ON THE SOUND.
SURROUNDED BY THE
Richest Farming Country
IN WASHINGTON.
DUNGENESS THE BEAUTIFUL!
Come now and Plant a Home.
Lots large, level, all cleared, and prices and terms very reasonable.
For Further Particulars Address the President or Secretary.
W. L. CHURCH, PRESIDENT,
Dungeness, Wash.
C. F. SEAL, Manager. J. A. CAMPBELL, Sec'y and Treas.
Port Townsend, Wash.

KITCHEN TRAINING.

A WORK WHICH HAS HELPED MANY POOR AND RICH FAMILIES.

What "Kitchen Garden Training," Means, How It Was Started and by Whom. Miss Huntington's Great Work for Her Less Fortunate Sisters in a Big City.

"There is so much to find fault with and so much to wish for in such a great big, dirty city as ours that sometimes the good, sweet, modest facts connected with our charitable institutions are overlooked," said a visitor to the Wilson Industrial school and mission as she came away from there the other day. The building at 125 St. Mark's place was turned, nearly forty years ago, from a factory into the pleasant school house which it now is. This school, which was the first institution of the kind in America, is not endowed and is maintained entirely by voluntary contribution. Mrs. Jonathan Sturges is the first director, and many familiar names are on the list of managers.

The matron of the school is Miss Emily Huntington, the originator of the system of kitchen garden training, a branch of work now carried on not only at the Wilson school and elsewhere in this city, but in other American cities and in Canada, England, Ireland, Scotland and France. Miss Huntington has made the mission house her home, and here she watches day by day the results of the methods which she has established.

It is with a fascinating interest that one listens to the tale of how by the merest chance Miss Huntington, at eighteen, just out of school and ready to be ushered into fashion's pleasures, chanced to be taken by a friend to visit a "ragged school," and how the only daughter of fond parents put society and the usual amusements of youth aside, and not in the same manner, but with the same motive as her cousin, Father Huntington, set herself about mission school work.

Nobody could work with Miss Huntington's energy and her capacity for organizing without developing new ideas which should bring forth more complete work, so as time passed on and she gained experience, not only among the poor, but with her own class, she made various discoveries. One was that the leisure of some of the young girls of her acquaintance might readily be put to good account, and another that kitchen gardening might with profit be adapted to the rich as well as the poor.

She obtained the co-operation of some of the mothers and the interest of the girls, so that a meeting was called for the purpose of developing a plan of movement. Fifty girls met at the house of one of the elder women. This was in 1867. It was proved that most of them, no matter how well versed they were in Latin and geometry, knew absolutely nothing about domestic science, so arrangements were made for forming a normal class which should be divided into companies, these companies to go to the mission for regular days of teaching.

These young women, as their paths divided, removed to Boston, Chicago and elsewhere and set up kitchen gardens of their own, with the result that the system has spread everywhere. It might even be said with truth that the other thought, that of the Working Girls' clubs, emanated from this mission, for Miss Grace H. Dodge was one of the fifty young women who joined in the work there, and it was no doubt because of the experience she gained at this time her idea was conceived and developed.

The girls became kitchen gardeners themselves, and afterward, when marriage had placed some of them in homes of their own, they wrote to the founder of the system, "You have no idea how kitchen garden helps me with my servants and my housekeeping," and to others it gave the means of livelihood when unforeseen reverses of fortune made them dependent upon their own resources.

It must be confessed that "kitchen garden" is a rather misleading name, for it suggests to many a place where vegetables are grown for kitchen use. When Miss Huntington was asked about the name, she said: "It means a system by which all the intricacies of domestic science are taught—sweeping, dusting, washing, ironing, waiting at table, etc. I thought a little of changing the name at one time because it was confounded with the term vegetable garden, but I found nothing that quite took its place, and I soon discovered that the fact that the name had to be explained gave it additional importance."

The school hours are the same here as elsewhere—from 9 to 3. There are about 200 girls, ranging in age from five to ten, and there are the usual lessons in reading, writing and arithmetic, which come under the head of study. The training in the kitchen garden branches is little else than a systematized form of play, and this takes up a proportionate part of the school day.—New York Tribune.

Nickel Armored Ships Can't Go North.

The remarkable discovery of the effect of temperature on the density of nickel steel is likely to have an important bearing on its use in the construction of war vessels. After this variety of steel has been frozen it is readily magnetized, and, moreover, its density is permanently reduced fully 2 per cent. by the exposure to the cold. It is stated that a ship of war built in the temperate climate of ordinary steel and clad with say 3,000 tons of nickel steel armor would be destroyed by a visit to the arctic regions, owing to the contraction of the steel by the extreme low temperature.—New York Journal.

Gave Him a Fine Funeral.

A man in Waterville, Me., according to the New York Sun, who had spent most of his earnings for rum, received a pension and back pay a few months ago, and devoted the greater part of his money to a prolonged debauch, from the effects of which he died. His family, although poverty stricken, took the $100 remaining from the pension and spent it for a casket and many hacks for the funeral.

ALCHEMY.

A dull gray sky and a chilly air,
With never a glint of the golden sun,
The trees are tossing their branches bare,
All stripped of their leafage fresh and fair,
I am lonely; my heart is full of care,
And I wish that the day were done.

No cheer; no comfort, my grief to deaden
He did not come! and the day is leaden.

* * * * * * *

Was ever a cloud so soft a gray?
And keen and pure is the chilly air,
The delicate branches softly sway;
Etched on the sky seems each twig and spray;
How swiftly the hours speed away
And my heart has never a care.

Ah, love is the wizard gray and olden.
He came! He came! And the day is golden
—Housekeeper's Weekly.

CHECKMATE.

Old Mr. Archer was a devoted chess player and an expert, at that. He held chess to be the only game fit for a gentleman. There were few of his acquaintances who could cope with him, and but one of them who could match him fairly. That was James Bittles, his lawyer. It was a close contest between the two—first one ahead and then the other.

Bittles stood high at the bar, but he mainly won and retained Archer's confidence by his ability as a chess player. He was barely 40, and Archer maintained that by the time he reached 60 he would surpass all those around.

Archer had a daughter—his only child. Her father had married late in life, and ten years after the birth of the girl her mother had died. Letty held a place in his heart next to chess itself. A bright, lively and pretty girl was Letty Archer, and she would be an heiress to something over a million. Her father feared she would become the prey of a fortune hunter, and endeavored to avert it by the provisions of his will. He neglected to execute his testament, however, until Letty was nearly twenty years old, and a spinster still. It was none too soon, for the week after he died suddenly of an apoplectic fit.

When the will was opened it was found that Bittles was named sole executor and constituted guardian of Letty until she was 21, and trustee of all the estate, real and personal. The conditions of the trust were that, if Letty married with the consent of Bittles, the trustee was to turn over to her all the property on the day of the wedding, and so long as she remained unmarried after 21 to pay her the rents and the interest as they accrued; but if she married without his consent, she was to receive only five thousand a year, and the residue of the estate beyond that necessary to secure this payment was to be conveyed to a third party or her heirs. This third party was described as:

"Catherine Sinclair, daughter of Gordon Sinclair, now or late of the city of Baltimore, and the state of Maryland, if she be still single; or, if she be a married woman, then to the said Catherine Sinclair, by whatever name she may be now known, to her and her heirs forever."

A further provision was that in case the said Catherine Sinclair, by whatever name she might be known, was dead, and had left an heir or heirs, the property over and above the reserved amount in the contingency mentioned was given, devised and bequeathed to him, her or them. Who Catherine Sinclair or her father was, Letty could not tell, nor could the lawyer, but it was suggested that it was an early flame of Archer's. Some thought that the possible legatee was mythical, and brought forward to scare Letty from making an imprudent match. But the power of Bittles in the matter was as absolute as pen and ink could make it.

Bittles proved himself to be a vigilant guardian and a careful trustee—guarding his ward against adventurers, and managing the estate with prudence and vigor. Everything went well until about ten months after Archer's death. Then the current of affairs rippled a little. Letty and Bittles both fell in love—Letty with Carter Cooke, a young man who belonged to what, before the late war, was known as "one of the first families of Virginia," and Bittles, in spite of his forty-one years, with Letty, who did not care a snap for him, looking upon the middle aged bachelor as a venerable person, and bestowing her heart upon his younger rival. Love is like the measles, and if we be attacked with it in middle age, the disorder assumes an aggravated form. Bittles had a very severe attack indeed.

Letty might well be excused for reciprocating the feelings of Carter Cooke. The young man was not only by blood, but by culture and associations, a gentleman, with no censurable habits, and with polished manners. He had a well proportioned figure, as well as a pleasing face; and he did not even drop his r's, as so many of the tidewater Virginians do. He was well liked in New York, where he spent about half of the year; and though not by any means a fifth as rich as Letty would be, was possessed of a handsome competence. Bittles pronounced him to be a fortune hunter, and frowned upon his suit, really because it interfered with the one he wished to make. Letty was not of an age to reflect on the serious consequences of her guardian's disapproval, and, had she been, her cheerful temper would have led her to optimism. Then Carter Cooke was a skillful chess player, and Letty, who had been taught by her father, was about as expert as he, which strengthened the bond between them.

The wooing went on in spite of the frowns of Bittles, and the latter began to show the bitterness of defeat. This was seen when the young lover, with Letty's consent, made a formal proposal to the guardian for the hand of his ward.

"No, sir; decidedly, no!" replied Bittles. "I have nothing against you personally, Mr. Cooke. Your respectability is undoubted; but I do not consider you, nor will any one else, a match for Miss Archer in fortune. I have examined the statement your counsel laid before me, and find you have barely four thousand a year, while the property of my ward yields twelve times that amount, most of it in real estate that is rising in value. I should be false to my duty if I approved of the match under such circumstances."

"Very good, sir," retorted Cooke. "Far be it from me to say that disappointed pretensions of your own prompt your refusal. I will admit that it is a mere sense of duty, if that admission pleases you. But I am authorized by Letty to say that when she arrives at the age of 21, should your consent to our marriage be refused, we will marry without it. That will be the next move on the board, Mr. Bitlte."

"You are playing a costly game, sir."

"Not at all, sir. At all events, I shall call on the bishop to capture your queen," replied Cooke, good humoredly, and bowed himself out of the office with mock courtesy.

When Letty heard of this positive refusal, in spite of her avowed contempt for money, she was disposed to be downcast. But Carter whispered to her a secret, a proverbially dangerous thing to do to a woman, and Letty, after a look of astonishment, burst into a ripple of silvery laughter.

"Oh, you dear, delightful Carter!" she exclaimed. "Who would have thought it!"

And Letty renewed her laughter, for the secret seemed to her the most comical thing in the world.

Bittles did not desire at all to exact the penalty; but he did very much desire to break the disagreeable connection. But how? Letty went into society under the chaperonage of Mrs. Burroughs, Bittle's own sister, a well to do widow, who was four years his senior, and liked the mild kind of dissipation which she enjoyed by virtue of her office. At all routs, kettledrums, parties and the opera, or wherever Letty went, Carter Cooke was sure to be; and Letty suffered him to assume the right of prospective ownership in a way that drove all other suitors from the field. Letty made no secret of her feelings, and wore her engagement ring openly. Mrs. Burroughs, who liked Cooke, tacitly aided and abetted. It soon became known that Bittles frowned on Cooke, and folks were curious to learn how the affair would end, as though, in such a case, with two willful young persons, it could end in any way but one. Bittles was duly informed of his open courtship, and the lectures he bestowed on Letty in consequence only increased his ward's dislike to himself, until it deepened to positive aversion.

Bittles trusted to time and the chances. He did not believe that Letty, when the pinch came, would sacrifice so large a portion of her property for a mere girlish love, which might be destroyed at any time by a lover's quarrel; nor that Cooke, whom he had brought himself to believe had mercenary motives, would care to take her with so much less money. Nine thousand a year to one of Letty's expensive habits meant almost exclusive rural residence; and he knew that Letty did not like living in the country, except during the time of flowers and sunshine, and then varied by Newport and Saratoga. Bittles waited, not without hope.

He had calculated on an ally in his sister, and, to insure her co-operation, told her of his hopes and fears. She laughed at him.

"James," she said, "this is the most absurd thing possible. She is about half your age. You have staid, old bachelor habits, and Letty, though she's a good girl, is fond of life, society and racket. She'd drive you mad in six months, and put you in the grave in less than a year. If you must make an exhibition of yourself matrimonially, choose some rich widow of 30 to 40, who would suit you better."

"Hang rich widows!"

"Quite polite and complimentary, considering that I am a widow with a comfortable income. You had better give it up. I have sounded Letty to the depths, and know that she loves young Cooke; and he is—barring fortune—a capital mate for her. I would have preferred her to have made a richer match, but they will have enough between them."

"No, they'll not; for I will never give my consent. I'll take her from you—lock her up, if need be"——

"You are a lawyer, and know better, James. You may refuse your consent, though every one will penetrate your motives and laugh at you; but as to the locking up—they do such things in plays and novels, not in real life."

"She is under my control until she is 21."

"Oh, yes—doubtless; that is, nominally—for three months more. Then she'll marry in spite of you. If you strip her of all but five thousand a year, you'll incur general reproach and gain no satisfaction in the long run. The best you can do is to keep off the wedding for a short time. Give in. If you were ten years younger I might strain a point to help you—not as it is."

As the Irish peasant girls say, "she was as stiff as he was stout," and Bittles fell back on his move of the forfeiture, which he thought would deter both parties for some time, and, in the meanwhile, no one could tell what a chance quarrel, a newer face or the whims of a woman might do.

Just then fate seemed to come to the assistance of the guardian lover. It assumed the shape of a new suitor, or something like it, and, to the delight of Bittles, it was also a Virginian—Maj. Bolling.

"Fire fight fire," thought Bittles.

Maj. Phil Bolling was considerably older than Carter Cooke, as he should have been, since he had fought in the sectional war, ridden with Jeb Stuart, and tasted the horrors of prison life at Elmira. Originally in comfortable circumstances, the war had stripped him of much, and reduced him to a plantation on tidewater, large but not profitable, and some houses at Richmond, whose rents formed his income. The major was of the old school, popular with the ladies, to whom he showed a respect almost reverential, and liked to come north for two or three months—his wintering there, and his summering at the White Sulphur, consuming his surplus means. He was very much attracted by Letty Archer, and she liked to chat with him, and draw out his old fashioned courtesy. They moved in the same set and met frequently.

Carter Cooke was at this time called southward on business, and the major slid into his place in spite of his years and displayed an attentiveness that led people to suspect that he had pretensions. To the surprise of Mrs. Burroughs this grew into an almost confidential intimacy. Cooke seemed to have been forgotten in his absence, and Bittles chuckled. The gallant ex-officer showed himself to be under a spell, and expressed his admiration in the most positive terms.

"I assuah you, my deah madam," said he to the widow, "that Miss Ahchuh is a young lady, that, besides her youth and beauty, has mo' of the cotely mannah of the fuhst families of Virginiah than any gentlewoman except you'self, that I have had the good fawchune to meet yet in society."

Letty and the major got along famously, and his adulation apparently quite supplied the absence of Cooke. This was supplemented by the attentions of her guardian, who became kind and bland again.

Letty's twenty-first birthday came around, and Mrs. Burroughs' stately mansion was thrown open in honor of the event. It was an informal reception, to last during the day. The major was specially invited; so was Carter Cooke, who had just returned from his place at Highover, where he had been superintending repairs and alterations in the old family mansion. Bittles was there, of course, gorgeously arrayed in honor of the occasion.

About noon Letty was missing, and the absence of the major was noted. Cooke had not yet come. Letty was not to be found in the house, but one of the servants had noticed that she and the major had gone out together, entered a coach in waiting on the corner, and been driven away. It was most extraordinary, and Bittles grew excited over the fact. The guests present heard of it, and admitted that it was a singular thing at such a time. It was, probably, a girlish freak, to result in some surprise; and so it proved.

At 1 o'clock a number of coaches drew up before the door. From the foremost of these descended the major, who handed out Letty, who was followed by Cooke. From the other coaches there alighted a number of "the set." It was quite a little procession that filed in, the major at the head, as proud and self appreciating as a drum major at the head of a street parade.

"Well, here you are," said Bittles. "I really began to fear, major, that you and my ward had eloped."

"Nothing of that kind, sah, I assuah yuh," replied the other. "I was me'ly the best man on this joyful occasion. I have the honah to introduce you to Mr. and Mrs. Cahtah Cooke!"

"Married!" cried Bittles, aghast.

"Yes, sir," responded Cooke. "My bishop in the shape of a surpliced clergyman has enabled me to capture your queen." And he drew Letty's arm within his own.

"Very well, sir. Miss Archer is of age and has a right. But, as she has married without my consent, she has thrown away a large fortune for a beggarly five thousand a year. I shall search for the heirs of Catherine Sinclair to-morrow. You have taken the queen; I cry check to the king, sir!"

"Excuse me, sir," retorted Cooke, "but you utterly mistake the situation on the board. Mrs. Cooke will have a larger allowance of pin money. I shall make it ten thousand, with an unlimited command of a check book, which your action has made equal to a heavy drain."

"My action! pooh! stuff!"

"Oh, no, sir! You need not hunt far to-morrow. My cousin here, Maj. Bolling, who is the genealogist to both families, can show you by the record that Catherine Sinclair, daughter of Gordon Sinclair, married with the fourth Carter Cooke, of Highover, and unfortunately died three years since, four years after her husband. She left one heir, a son, the fifth Carter Cooke, whom I have the honor to present to you as the husband of your ward and the happiest man on earth. Mr. Bittles, checkmate!"—Thomas Dunn English in New York Ledger.

Thinning Apples.

The following advantages are given by a successful orchardist of thinning the apples on heavy bearing trees while the fruit is small: (1) You get rid of the knotty and wormy apples before they have grown long enough to occupy the places of better ones. (2) You thus destroy, before they can increase, the insects in such as are stung by the curculio and infested by the codling worm. (3) The best ones being left, they have plenty of room to grow into large, fine, salable specimens. (4) You are not obliged to gather twice as many small ones, the labor of picking depending on number and not on size. (5) The bad ones are removed in time at less than half the labor required for hand picking when they become large. (6) You avoid much labor in assorting the gathered crop and in separating the scabby and knurly from the best fruit. (7) The moderate crop which is allowed to grow will exhaust the trees less than the heavy crop of poor and seedy specimens. He thinks that to allow all the poor and worthless apples to grow is like the practice of the farmer who would permit all coarse weeds to grow in his corn, to be assorted from his grain after harvesting.—Country Gentleman.

Musical Flames.

The well known experiment of making sounds by holding a tube over a jet of buring gas (usually hydrogen) is often omitted in chemistry classes because no suitable tubing is at hand. A fact not noted in any text book I have seen, and unknown to all teachers that I have consulted, has been brought to light in my classes, viz.: a bottle will serve in place of a tube. A "philosopher's candle" properly burning will yield a fine sound if capped by a wide mouthed bottle, as a quinine bottle or a large test tube. Of course, this is according to the principles of acoustics, but it seems strange that no text book gives it. I should like to know if this fact is known to any one else.—T. Berry Smith in Science.

ADVERTISING SCIENCE.

AN EXPERT GIVES HIS OPINION UPON THE SUBJECT.

He Says Newspapers Are the Only Satisfactory Medium—Claims to Have Originated Several Styles of Advertising Which Had Big Runs.

"Nobody has tried more different kinds of advertising than we have," said a member of a well known clothing firm, a few days ago, "or tried the different kinds more thoroughly, but we have settled down now to regular newspaper advertising, and believe that, for a permanent business, that alone pays. We were the first to use the sails of vessels in the harbor as an advertising medium. Then we got up the 'alphabet puzzle,' and gave away a half a million puzzles while the craze lasted. Afterward we invented the Waterbury watch idea. We had to do something, because three of our principal competitors had failed, and their stocks were being sold for next to nothing by assignees, so we decided to give a Waterbury watch with every twelve dollars' worth of goods purchased. We advertised the watches 'wound and set.' To wind them fast enough we had to rig up a little machine, worked like a sewing machine, that would do the winding, and we kept several boys at work winding and setting them. Before we quit we had given away forty thousand of the watches.

NEWSPAPER "ADS."

"But nothing ever pays us like the ordinary newspaper advertising. The fact is, there has come to be in this city a class of advertisement readers, just as there is of news readers. They read the advertisements every day, and, of course, the man who wants to attract them has to get up an advertisement that will do it. The day of standing advertisements in the paper, 'Go to So-and-So's for clothing,' or 'Go to This-and-That's for shoes' has passed, just as the day for painting signs on rocks and fences or on the sails of boats has passed. You must have something interesting and fresh every day in the advertisement, and it will be read. We have proof of this all the time in our business, for an advertisement of any certain thing is sure to bring throngs of people into the stores inquiring for it next day. By the number of such inquiries we rate the success or failure of an advertisement. I can guarantee to bring a thousand people to our stores any day by the insertion of an advertisement of some specialty in the morning papers.

"We were the first firm to introduce the use of outline cuts in newspapers. An Englishman who had done caricaturing on the other side, offhand sketches as a part of the entertainment of a show of some sort, and had come to this country, first brought the matter to our attention, and we tried a few of the cuts as an experiment. They succeeded so well that we made them a regular feature. After a while the papers themselves caught onto the outline idea, and now that is almost the only style of newspaper illustration used. A while ago we concluded to try the experiment of dropping the cuts. They are expensive, because besides the cost of them, the papers charge double rates for the space they occupy. It has been poor economy, however. The cuts were worth much more than they cost as an advertisement, and we shall go back to them.

MUST BE TRUTHFUL.

"Another thing about advertising of late years is the gradual increase in the truthfulness of it. People are learning that it doesn't pay to lie in an advertisement any better than it does anywhere else. The theory that 'a sucker's born every minute and he's just as likely to come in here as anywhere else' won't do for a permanent thing. I think that there has been a noticeable improvement in this respect lately, and that business men are rapidly learning that honesty is the best policy in an advertisement as well as outside of it.

"A curious thing is the difference there is between advertising for women and for men. For a man an advertisement must be short and to the point. It ought to treat of but one subject and to be written as tersely as possible. Men read advertisements on the jump; they never deliberately sit down to go through the advertisements in a paper. For the women, on the contrary, you can put in as much detail as you please; once a woman is attracted to an advertisement she will read it all through, no matter how long it is or how fine the type is. Then there is no use putting an advertisement for a man in a Sunday paper. If you make it big enough to be seen in one of those enormous sheets it will be too long to be read by a man. An ordinary advertisement, such as would attract him in a week day paper, is buried in the great Sunday editions. But you can take a page on Sunday and be certain that the women will look for it and read it all through carefully. Thousands of them buy the papers, and especially the Sunday papers, for no other thing than to read the advertisements. The big dry goods houses know that, and that is why they all use the Sunday papers so freely."—New York Sun.

Chicago's Millionaires.

Down to the present time Chicago's citizens have been occupied in acquiring wealth. There has been time for its enjoyment ad interim, but enjoyment has not been a prime motive. There are the Pullmans and the Farwells, the Fields, the McCormicks and others who have long been able to throw aside the cares of business and devote themselves exclusively to pleasure, but they have not done so. Marshall Field and the Farwells still manage the two greatest dry goods houses in the west. George M. Pullman is at the head of the mammoth Pullman Car company. There is a second generation of McCormicks, but the click of machinery still goes on monotonously in the reaper factory. When will these people imitate their brethren in New York, and, leaving their counting rooms, give themselves entirely to leading the pleasure gatherings of the fashionable people of their city?—Selected.

ODD ACCIDENTS.

Mr. Rand's Flight from Home Into the River and Other Happenings.

They may have been due to the eccentricities of the season or merely to the wanton malevolence of luck, but not a few extraordinary accidents have occurred in Connecticut within a day or two. Some of the casualties were attended with odd circumstances.

William Rand, of Groton, got out of bed in the most matter of fact way at his home the other morning and stumbled into the kitchen to build the kitchen fire as usual. He went in to touch it off with naptha fluid, a method he had used a hundred times before. He remembers now that he had the naptha can in one hand and was slowly tipping it to let the fluid trickle into the stove. There may have been a live coal in the kitchen stove, or the naptha may have been an unusually wicked kind of fluid; at least the next thing he knew with any lucidity was that one or two of his neighbors were pulling him out of the Thames river.

As the roof of Mr. Rand's dwelling had been raised some inches at the time of his quitting his home, so that he was not obliged to be fired squarely through it, and as he found himself suddenly in the river, distant several rods from his house, and as he recollects nothing about going to the river in any way except by a dim parabolic curve, it is reasonable to infer, he thinks, that the naphtha can exploded. He was very dangerously hurt.

Homer Willis, a 12-year-old Willimantic lad, was lounging along the road to school a day or two ago when he found an odd looking shell by the wayside, and he picked it up. He scrutinized it closely, and his curiosity was excited. He didn't know but it might be a new kind of tropical nut. So he laid it down on a rock, and, getting a stone, whacked the shell several times with great force. Then suddenly the air turned black, the queer nut mysteriously disappeared, and a moment later, when Homer had regained his right mind, he found himself on his back in the road. He discovered that a couple of queer round holes had been bored through his upper lip. The surgeon who dressed the boy's wounds said he guessed the odd nut was a dynamite cartridge, and that it had belonged to Willimantic sewer men at work on Valley street.

A man was sauntering along Main street, in Hartford, the other day carrying a long ladder on his shoulder, and from the rounds of the ladder dangled a paint pot and several crooked steel hooks. Right behind the painter came William Harper, who lives on Pleasant street, who was walking quickly and unguardedly, for he was going home to dinner. The rear end of the ladder was not six inches from Mr. Harper's nose, and in this queer procession the painter and the other man strolled on for about a block at the same gait. Then suddenly the painter stopped to examine a "bargain in wool undershirts" in an adjoining shop window, "that were selling for fifty cents less than cost," but William Harper neglected to stop voluntarily. Instead, the ladder punched him a foot into the air clear of the sidewalk and flung him down on the sidewalk with a smashed jaw and a banged and bleeding eye.

The man with the ladder squared around in astonishment and awe and then helped Mr. Harper into the drug store of Dr. Root, who plastered and fixed up his wounds, and Harper was taken home in a hack. The painter says he fails to see how he is responsible for the mishap of a man who pitched into his ladder and was squarely knocked out.

John Welch, of Portland, met a similar mischance, except that he was walloped by a wheelbarrow instead of a ladder, and it was his own barrow, too. He was wheeling the barrow through his hardware shop when he stumbled, and then in a swift and unaccountable way he got mixed up with the barrow, and before he could separate himself from the legs and wheels and irons of the machine it had thrown him and broken his arm. The fracture was a very bad one, and he will not be able to do business with a wheelbarrow again for several months.—Norwich (Conn.) Letter in New York Sun.

Emin an Adventurer.

A pamphlet has been published in Constantinople, in which a Turkish writer, Ebbuzia Tewfik-Bey, declares that Emin Pasha is nothing but a vulgar adventurer. Dr. Schnitzler — that was Emin's name before his conversion to the Mohammedan religion — was the guest in 1869 of Ismail Pasha, governor of Erzeroum. When the latter was sent to Scutari Dr. Schnitzler accompanied him to his new residence, and also later to Trebizond and Constantinople, where Ishmail Pasha died in 1873. The doctor then embraced Islamism, married the wife of his benefactor, Emine Hanum, and took the name of Emin.

After staying some time longer in Constantinople Emin went to Stettin, in Germany, taking with him his wife and her four children by her former husband. One day Emin went to Neisse to attend a relative's wedding, and since then he has sent no tidings of himself to his wife, who was left with her children in extreme poverty. More than this he carried away with him his wife's jewels, worth more than $20,000. These he sold to get money with which to go to Egypt, whence he reached the Soudan, the cradle of his celebrity.—Transatlantic.

Influencing the Jury.

A coincidence that is very remarkable is reported from Boston. A teamster who had been hurt by a car running into his wagon brought suit for damages against the railway company. The case came up a few days ago, and the jury decided to visit the scene of the collision—a steep hill. They embarked in a car belonging to the defendant, and had just reached the hill when the car ran into a furniture wagon, breaking two of the windows and shaking up the jurymen. The teamster received a verdict for $1,100.—Philadelphia Ledger.